

TABLE 2.--Material properties of single crystal yttrium iron garnet

Property	Source	Values
Second order elastic moduli	a	$c_{11} = 2.69 \times 10^{12} \text{ dyn/cm}^2$ $c_{12} = 1.08 \times 10^{12} \text{ dyn/cm}^2$ $c_{44} = 0.76 \times 10^{12} \text{ dyn/cm}^2$
First order magneto-elastic constants	b	$b_1 = 3.5 \times 10^6 \text{ erg/cm}^3$ $b_2 = 6.9 \times 10^6 \text{ erg/cm}^3$
Second order magneto-elastic constants	b	$B_{111} = 173 \pm 12 \times 10^6 \text{ erg/cm}^3$ $B_{123} = 22 \pm 19 \times 10^6 \text{ erg/cm}^3$ $B_{144} = -5 \pm 41 \times 10^6 \text{ erg/cm}^3$ $B_{155} = -37 \pm 5 \times 10^6 \text{ erg/cm}^3$ $B_{441} = -24 \pm 14 \times 10^6 \text{ erg/cm}^3$ $B_{456} = -27 \pm 7 \times 10^6 \text{ erg/cm}^3$
Crystal anisotropy constant	c	$K_1 = -6.2 \times 10^3 \text{ erg/cm}^3$
Saturation magnetization at $T = 293^\circ\text{K}$	c	$M_s = 133.7 \text{ gauss}$
Ne'el temperature	d	$T_N = 563^\circ\text{K}$
Pressure dependence of Ne'el temperature	d	$\partial T_N / \partial P = 1.25^\circ\text{K kbar}^{-1}$
Temperature dependence of saturation magnetization at $T = 293^\circ\text{K}$	e	$\frac{1}{M_s} \frac{\partial M_s}{\partial T / T_N} = -0.61$

TABLE 2--Continued

Property	Source	Values
Theoretical density	f	$\rho_0 = 5.17 \text{ g/cm}^3$
Lattice constant	f	$a_0 = 12.38 \text{ \AA}$
Longitudinal velocity (polycrystalline)	g	$D = 7.17 \text{ mm}/\mu\text{s}$
Coefficient of expansion	f	$\alpha = 1.39 \times 10^{-5} \text{ }^\circ\text{K}^{-1}$
Isothermal compressibility	g	$K_T = 6.1 \times 10^{-4} \text{ kbar}^{-1}$
Specific heat	h	$C_V = 0.162 \text{ cal/gm deg}$

^aT. B. Bateman, J. Appl. Phys. 37, 2194 (1966).

^bD. E. Eastman, Phys. Rev. 148, 530 (1966) and references contained therein.

^cHandbook of Microwave Ferrite Materials, W. H. vonAulack, Ed. (Academic Press Inc., New York, 1965), and references contained therein.

^dD. Bloch, F. Chaisé, and R. Pauthenet, J. Appl. Phys. 37, 1401 (1966).

^eEstimated from Pauthenet, Ann. de Phys. 3, 425 (1958).

^fS. Geller and M. A. Gilileo, J. Phys. Chem. Solids 3, 30 (1957).

^gA. E. Clark and R. E. Strakna, J. Appl. Phys. 32, 1172 (1961).

^hCalculated from Dulong and Petit limit.